

8.5 Recursion for the Sum of Squared Errors

8.5.1

- We have defined

$$E(n) = \sum_{i=1}^n \lambda^{n-i} |d(i) - \hat{d}(i)|^2$$

We can similarly define

$$E_d(n) = \sum_{i=1}^n \lambda^{n-i} |d(i)|^2, \quad E_{\hat{d}}(n) = \underline{w}^T(n) \Phi(n) \underline{w}(n)$$

and when $\underline{w}(n) = \hat{\underline{w}}(n) = \Phi(n)^{-1} \underline{z}(n)$, Pythagoras applies

$$\begin{aligned} E_{\min}(n) &= E_d(n) - \hat{\underline{w}}^T(n) \Phi(n) \hat{\underline{w}}(n) = E_d(n) - \underline{z}^T(n) \Phi(n) \underline{z}(n) \\ &= E_d(n) - \hat{\underline{w}}^T(n) \underline{z}(n) = E_d(n) - \underline{z}^T(n) \hat{\underline{w}}(n) \end{aligned}$$

- We have recursions for everything else. Now find a recursion for $E_{\min}(n)$ in terms of $E_{\min}(n-1)$. First,

Some reminders:

$$E_d(n) = \lambda E_d(n-1) + |d(n)|^2$$

$$\underline{z}(n) = \lambda \underline{z}(n-1) + d^*(n) \underline{u}(n)$$

$$\hat{\underline{w}}(n) = \hat{\underline{w}}(n-1) + \underline{k}(n) \hat{\xi}^*(n)$$

$$\hat{\xi}(n) = d(n) - \underline{w}^T(n-1) \underline{u}(n)$$

$$e(n) = d(n) - \underline{w}^T(n) \underline{u}(n)$$

- Start with

$$\begin{aligned}
 E_{\min}(n) &= E_d(n) - \underline{z}^+(n) \hat{\underline{w}}(n) \\
 &= \lambda E_d(n-1) + |d(n)|^2 - \left(\lambda \underline{z}^+(n-1) + d(n) \underline{u}^+(n) \right) \left(\hat{\underline{w}}(n-1) + \underline{k}(n) \xi^*(n) \right) \\
 &= \lambda E_d(n-1) + |d(n)|^2 - \left(\lambda \underline{z}^+(n-1) + d(n) \underline{u}^+(n) \right) \hat{\underline{w}}(n-1) - \underline{z}(n) \underline{k}(n) \xi^*(n) \\
 &= \lambda \left(E_d(n-1) - \underline{z}^+(n-1) \hat{\underline{w}}(n-1) \right) + d(n) \left(d^*(n) - \underline{u}^+(n) \hat{\underline{w}}(n-1) \right) - \underline{z}(n) \underline{k}(n) \xi^*(n) \\
 &= \lambda E_{\min}(n-1) + d(n) \xi^*(n) - \underline{z}(n) \Phi^H \bar{\underline{c}}(n) \underline{u}(n) \xi^*(n) \\
 &= \lambda E_{\min}(n-1) + \left(d(n) - \hat{\underline{w}}^+(n) \underline{u}(n) \right) \xi^*(n) \\
 &= \lambda E_{\min}(n-1) + e(n) \xi^*(n)
 \end{aligned}$$

They are all equivalent, but the last one is very interesting.

- Are the a priori, a posteriori errors related?

$$\begin{aligned}
 e(n) &= d(n) - \hat{\underline{w}}^+(n) \underline{u}(n) \\
 &= d(n) - \left(\hat{\underline{w}}(n-1) + \underline{k}(n) \xi^*(n) \right)^+ \underline{u}(n) \\
 &= \underbrace{d(n) - \hat{\underline{w}}^+(n-1) \underline{u}(n)}_{\xi(n)} - \underline{k}^+(n) \underline{u}(n) \xi^*(n) \\
 &= \left(1 - \underline{k}^+(n) \underline{u}(n) \right) \xi(n)
 \end{aligned}$$