



Wireless Weight Distribution Scale



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Presentation Outline



- Purpose
- Individual Roles
- System Overview
- High Level System Design
- Business Approach
- Timeline and Budget
- Individual Achievements
- Conclusions and Future Work
- Sources of Information and Acknowledgements

Purpose and Benefits



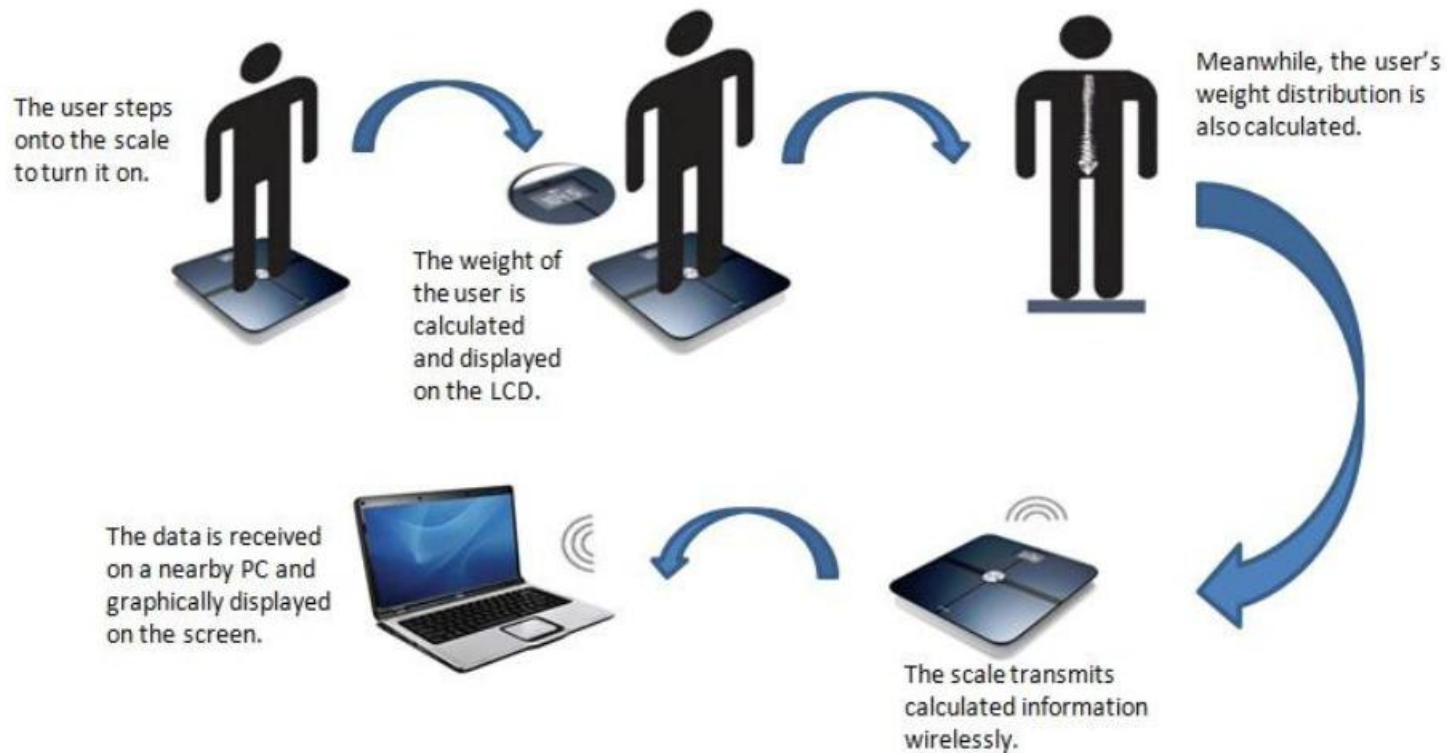
- The Wireless Weight Distribution Scale is designed to log the progress of an individual's weight while monitoring weight distribution in a standing position.
- Beneficial in monitoring
 - Stroke patient recovery
 - Scoliosis
 - Short leg syndrome
 - Muscular atrophy
 - General posture
 - Overall weight

Roles in Project



- **Sam Leung – Chief Executive Officer**
 - Project manager
 - PC application development
- **Wil Gomez – Chief Technical Officer**
 - Microcontroller application development and testing
 - LCD implementation
- **Sasan Naderi – Chief Financial Officer**
 - Allocated funds
 - Component research and hardware design
- **Gurpal Sandhu – Chief Operations Officer**
 - Wireless communications
 - Hardware design and testing

System Overview



High Level System Design



Differential Pressure Sensors

- Determines pressure applied across liquid or gas
- Measure weight by taking the difference between two pressures applied to unit
- Accurate but temperature dependent and difficult to integrate

Linear Variable Differential Transformer Sensors (LVDT)

- Electrical transformers used to measure linear displacement
- Displacement determined by movement of armature – magnetic coil in-between primary and secondary transformer
- High precision and accuracy but only suitable for lower mass measurements

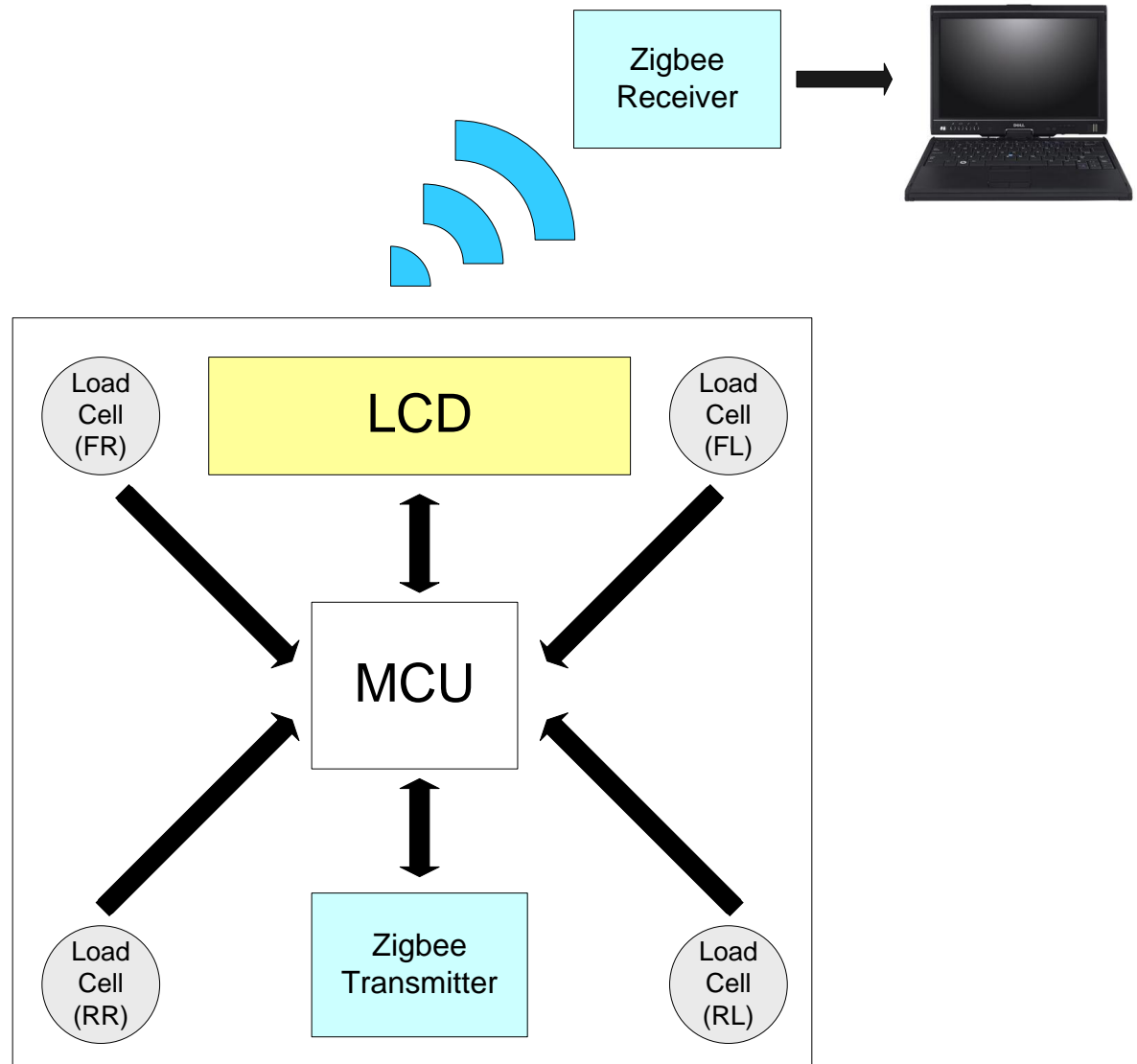
Load Cell Sensors

Measures changes in electrical resistance when external force is applied.

A load cell consists of a wheatstone bridge and a strain gauge sensor.

Our implementation requires four load cells – located in each corner of the scale.

Sufficiently accurate and reasonably priced.



Business Approach



- **Competition**

- Nothing exactly
- Withings Internet connected body scale
- Nintendo Wii Balance Board
- Professional force platforms
 - ✦ Measures ground reaction forces generated by a body standing or moving on it

- **Marketing**

- Health-conscious individuals
- Constant access to technology
- Professional use
 - ✦ Physiotherapists
 - ✦ Kinesiology research
- Personal use

Business Approach (cont'd)

• Cost

- Prototype cost: \$549.55

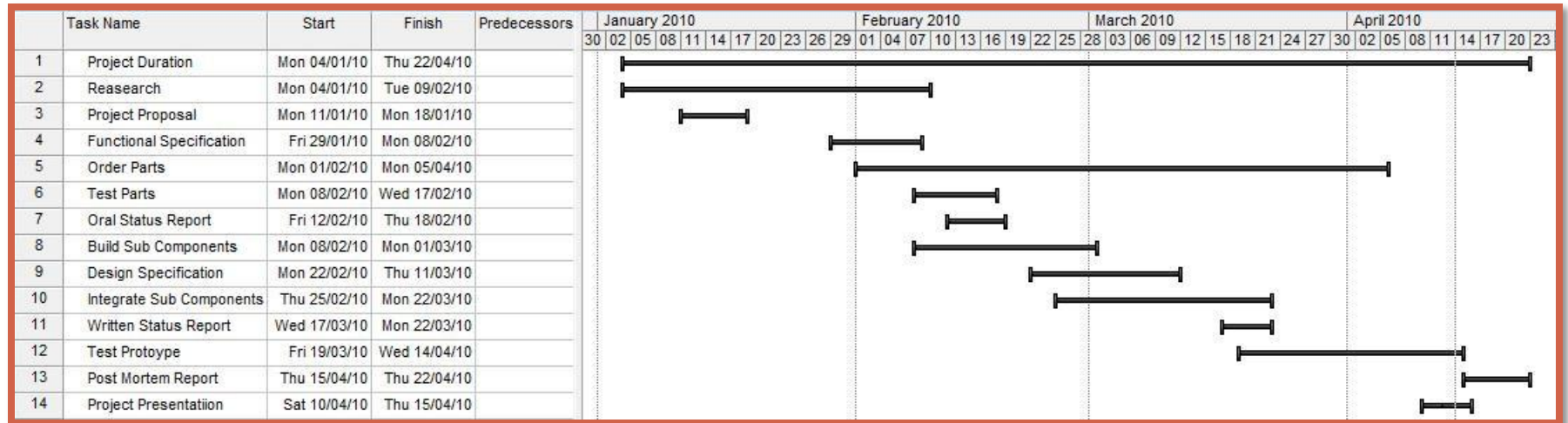
100 Units	1,000 Units	10,000 Units
\$101.76	\$82.24	\$72.11

Component	Quantity
RF radio transceiver	2
Load cell	4
Relay	2
Microcontroller	1
USB Microcontroller	1
Graphic Serial LCD	1
Variable Voltage Regulator	1
Operational Amplifier	4
5V Voltage Regulator	1

• Financing

- Funding from venture capitalist company
- Private investors
- Relevant companies interested in our product

Project Timeline



- Revised Gantt chart
- Project schedule maintained

Project Budget



Item Name	Description	Quantity	Total Cost (\$CAD)
Anyload ES300 Digital Scale	Digital Scale consisting of 4 load cells and aluminum housing	1	115.50
Arduino Duemilanove	Development board with Atmel ATmega328P	2	67.92
Toshiba LCD	LCD with serial backpack	1	76.62
Xbee Wireless Module	Zigbee 802.15.4 with wire antenna	2	46.21
Arduino Xbee Shield	Expansion board for Xbee module on Arduino development board	1	27.33
Maxstream Board	Zigbee development board (used)	1	40.00
Atmel RZUSBSTICK	USB powered Zigbee transceiver	1	47.50
Shipping	All shipping charges on ordered components	5	55.21
Miscellaneous	Small items	n/a	56.55
Total:			549.55
Total amount awarded through ESSEF:			425.00
Unfunded project cost:			124.55

Individual Achievements



- **Sam Leung**
 - Project management
 - Development in C#
- **Wil Gomez**
 - Embedded software development
 - Testing and troubleshooting
- **Sasan Naderi**
 - Reliability hardware design
 - Research and development
- **Gurpal Sandhu**
 - Wireless communications
 - Testing and troubleshooting

Conclusions and Future Work



- Encase everything into the scale chassis
- Use a more compact receiver on the PC side
- Create a website so the data can be accessed remotely
- Refine power consumption
- Show more data on the LCD
 - Weight distribution percentage
- Percent body fat measurement
- Real-time data measurement and transmission

Information Sources/Acknowledgements

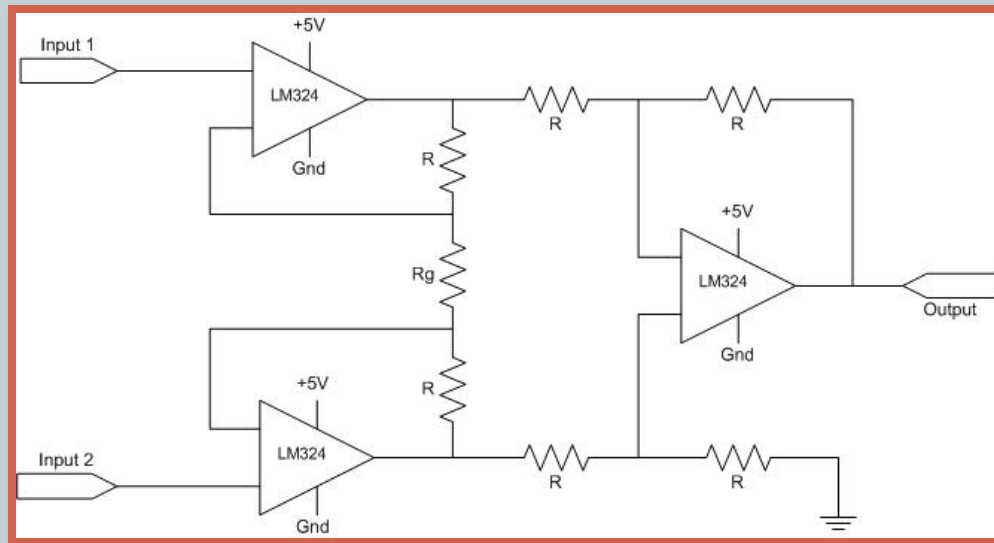


- Edwin Leung – Anyload
 - Customer Service Manager
- Mehrdad Rastan – SFU Physics
 - Teaching Assistant, Network Administrator
- Dr. Ash Parameswaran – SFU Engineering
 - Professor
- Tony Leyland – SFU Kinesiology
 - Senior Lecturer
- ESSEF for project funding

Questions?



Hardware Implementation

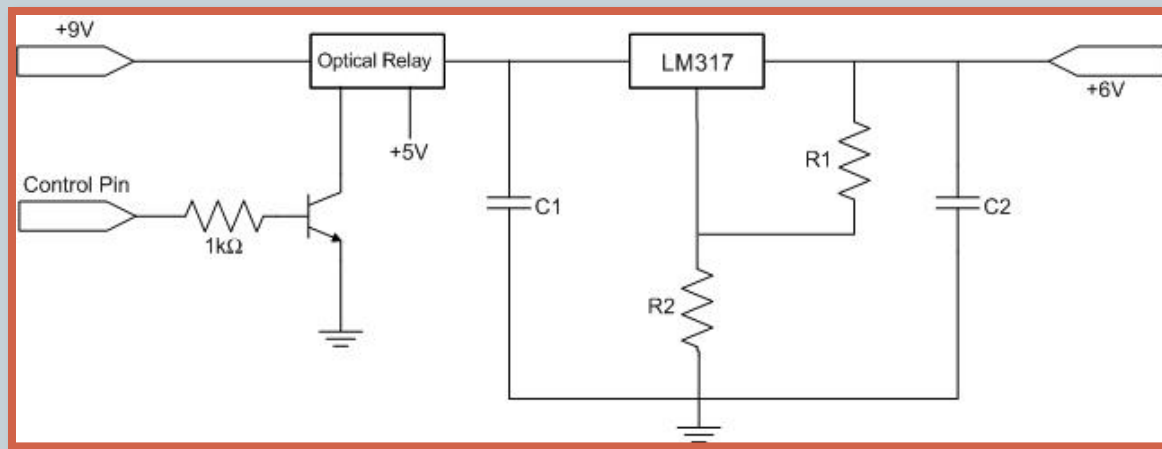


- **Instrumentation Amplifier**
 - Buffered differential amplifier
 - Attached to each load cell
 - Provides total voltage gain of 201

Hardware Implementation (cont'd)



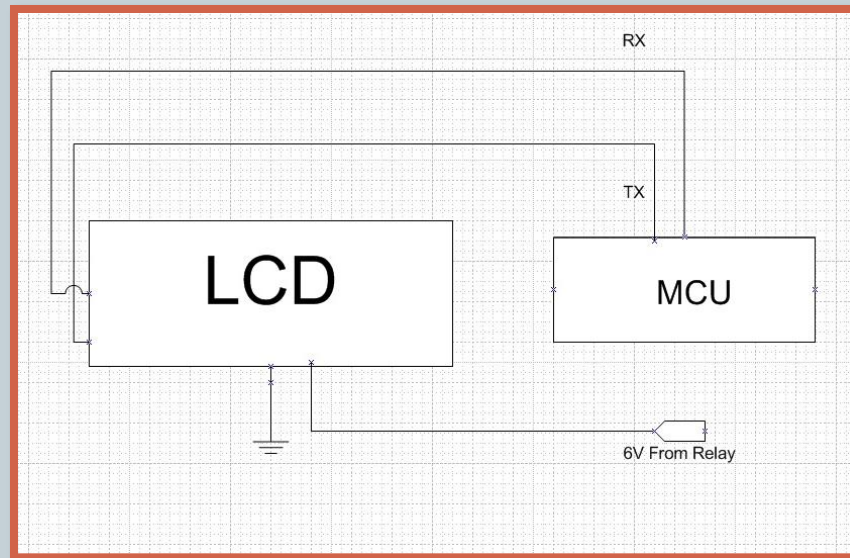
- Variable Voltage Regulator
 - Regulates 9V to 6V to power LCD
 - Controlled by digital pin of microcontroller through optical relay



LCD Implementation



- **160x128 Serial Graphic LCD**
 - Connected to MCU via Digital pins
 - Custom font was created to show weight value
 - Power was controlled via Relay connected to MCU
 - Baud rate of 115200 was used



Wireless Implementation



- Xbee 802.15.4 Transmitter/Receiver:
 - Low-cost and low-power RF modules that operates within the ISM 2.4 GHz frequency
 - UART interface for serial communication
- XBee Setup:
 - Unique address pairing
 - ✦ PAN ID
 - ✦ Source ID
 - ✦ Destination ID
 - ✦ Channel ID

Parameter	Value
Indoor/Urban	Up to 100' (30 m)
Outdoor line-of-sight	Up to 300' (100 m)
Transmit Power	1 mW (0 dBm)
Receiver Sensitivity	-92 dBm
TX Current	45 mA @ 3.3 V
RX Current	50 mA @ 3.3 V

Wireless Implementation (cont'd)



- **Transmitter Protocol:**
 - Arduino serial API to establish communication and send data
 - Transmits a finished packet after transmitting data
- **Receiver Protocol:**
 - C# serial API to establish communication and receive data
 - Receives and verifies the finished packet
 - Received data captured on the serial port is written to a text file for post analysis

Weight Calculations

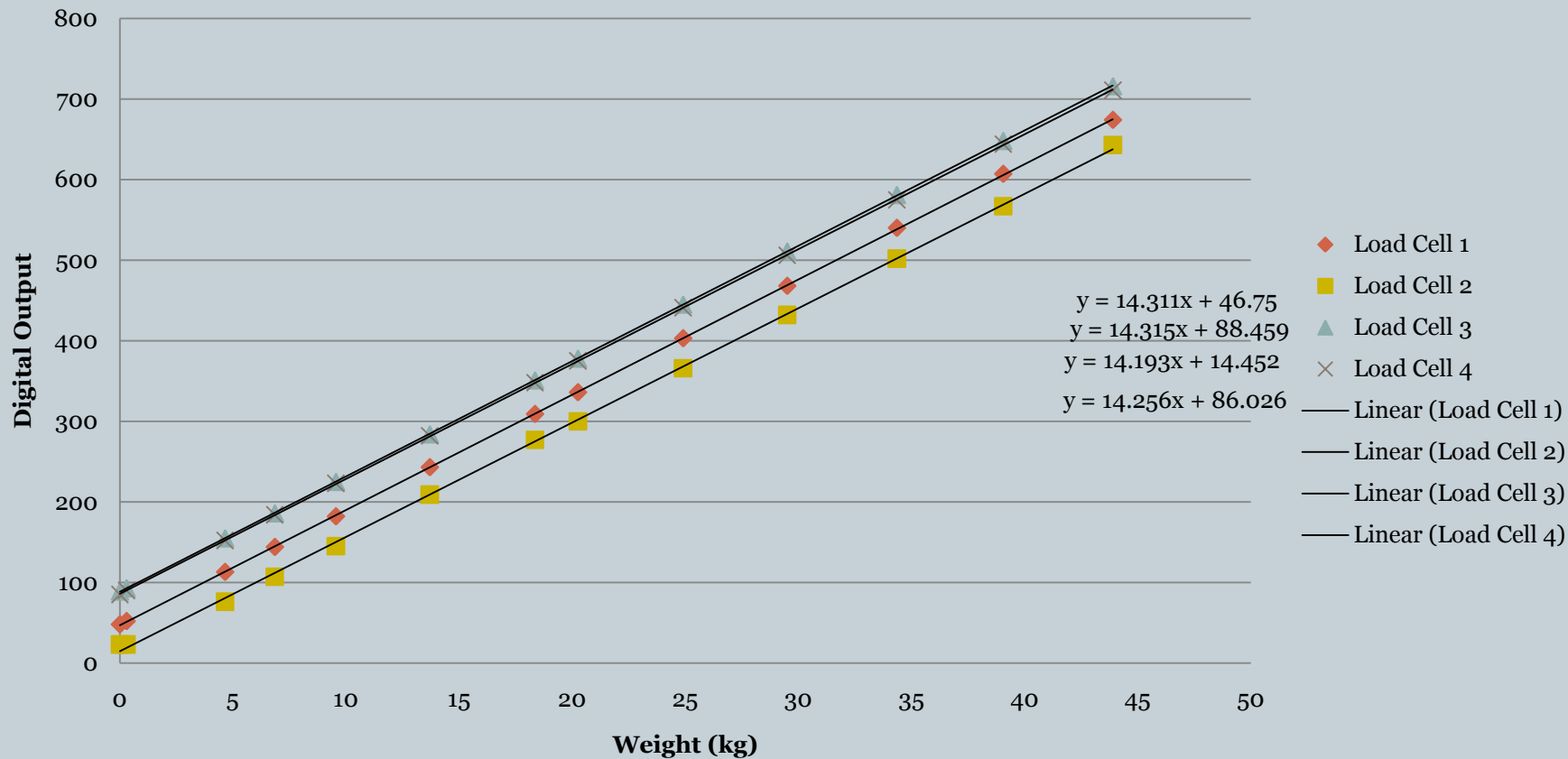


- **Load cell characterization**
 - Created a table of ADC values corresponding to a known weight
 - Plotted the data to obtain the line of best fit
 - Obtain the line equation to gather a ADC to weight relationship
- **Weight distribution**
 - Weight distribution is measured by keeping individual load cell measurement values
 - Weight from each corner's load cell is totaled in the MCU to produce the total weight

Weight Calculations (cont'd)



ADC Value vs Weight



GUI Implementation



- Developed using C#
 - Microsoft Visual Studios 2008
 - Weight distribution graph done using ZedGraph
 - ✦ Free charting class library
 - Editable fields for name and comment only
- Microsoft Access Database
 - Used to store and organize all data entries
- Code was frequently backed up using Perforce

Questions?

