



Presents the *DualCooler*

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**An Environmentally Friendly  
Refrigeration System**

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# The Team

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# Outline

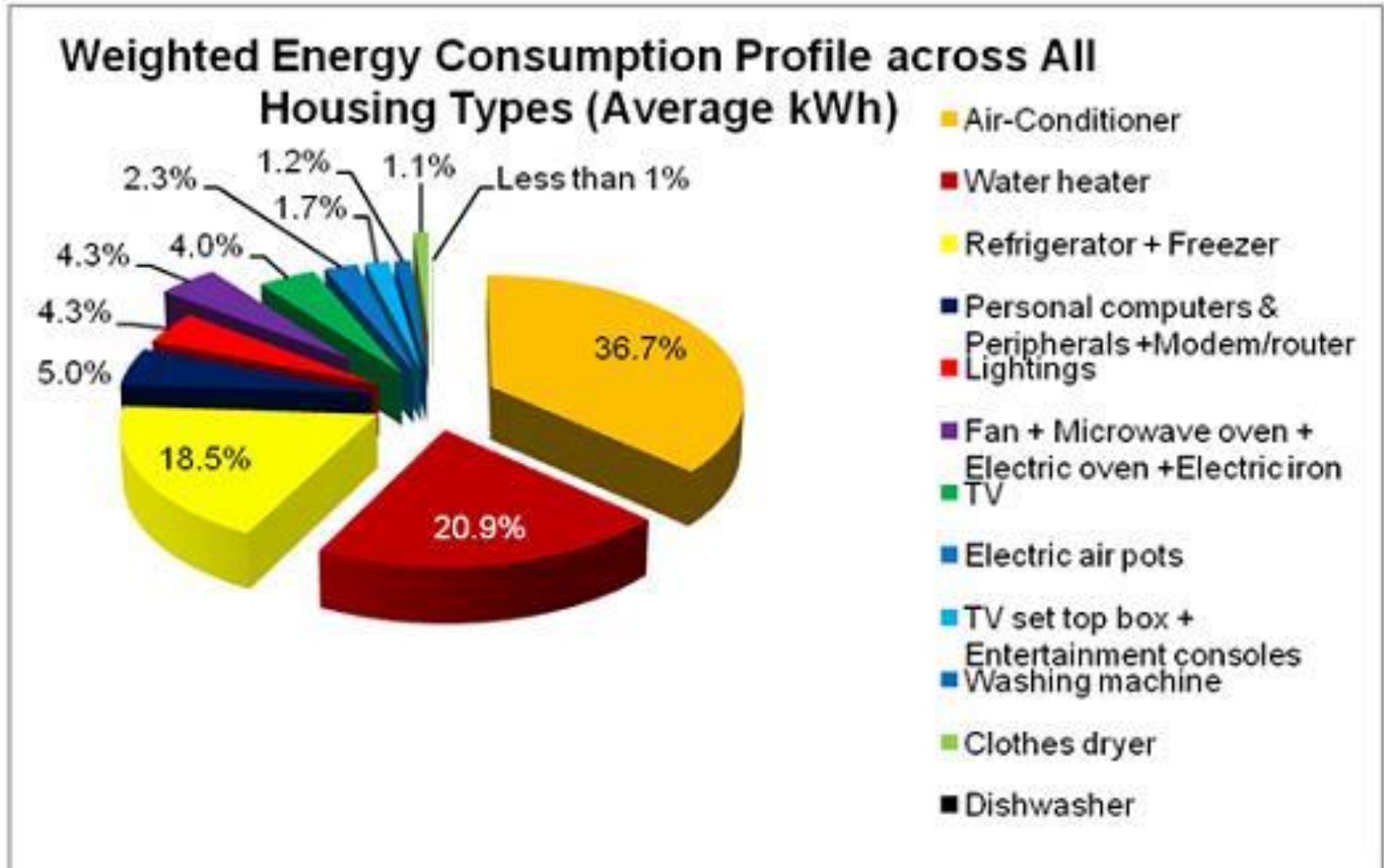
- **Introduction**
  - Motivation, Background, Solutions and System Overview
- **Business Overview**
  - Market and Competition
- **Hardware**
  - Components and Description
- **Software**
  - Algorithms and Arduino IDE
- **Project Logistics**
  - Budget and Timeline
  - Challenges
- **Conclusion**
- **Future Plans**

# Motivation

- Many of our parents store some refrigerator worthy items outside during the winter

**So why not use the same cold air to cool the contents of a refrigerator?**

# Motivation

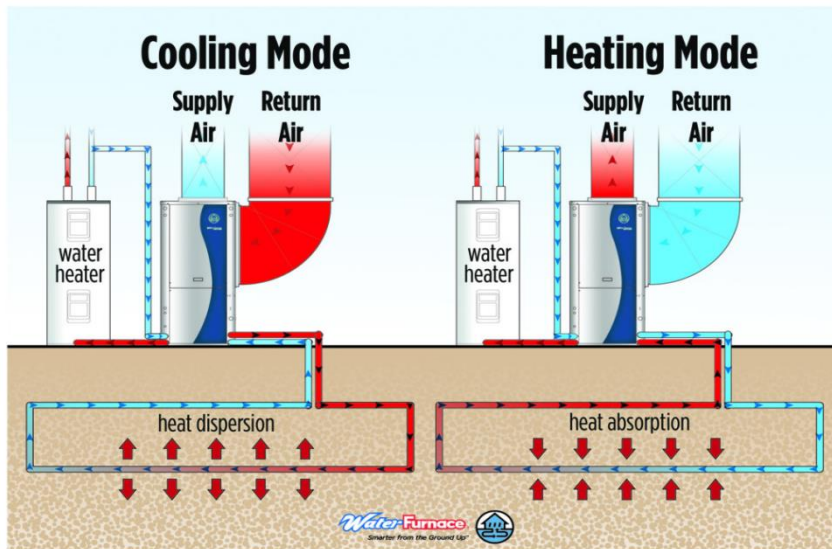
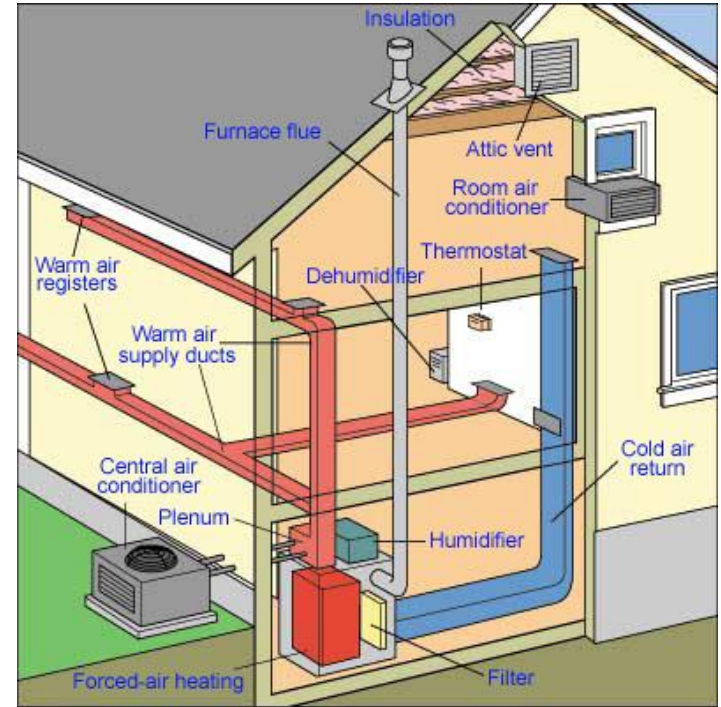
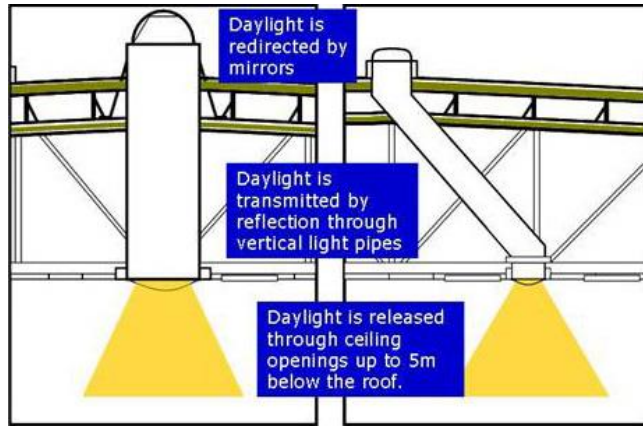


**Figure 1:** Weighted Energy Consumption in a typical household [1]

# Background

- Our ideas and project specifications are derived off:
  - Geothermal energy heating/cooling systems
  - HVAC central air conditioning systems
  - Natural lighting – light pipes

# Background



**Clockwise from Top Right:** Natural Lighting (Light Pipes) [1], HVAC Air conditioning[2], Geothermal Heating/Cooling [3]

# Implementing a Solution

## Solution 1:

- Cooling just the radiators behind the fridge
- Speeds up cooling the refrigerator
- Compressor stays on for shorter time
- Saves Power!

## Solution 2:

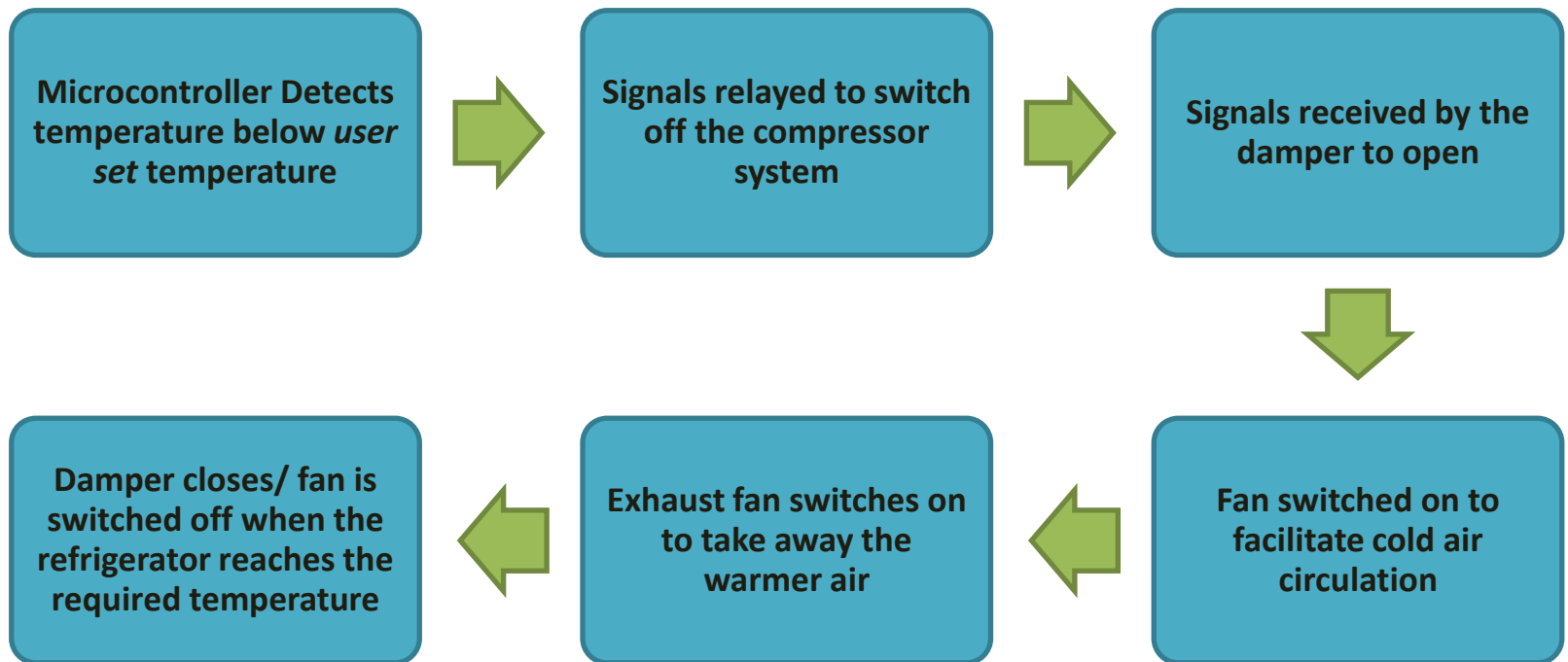
- Route the cold air into the fridge and cool it directly
- Compressor not in use at all as long as temperature outside is cold enough
- Saves More Power!



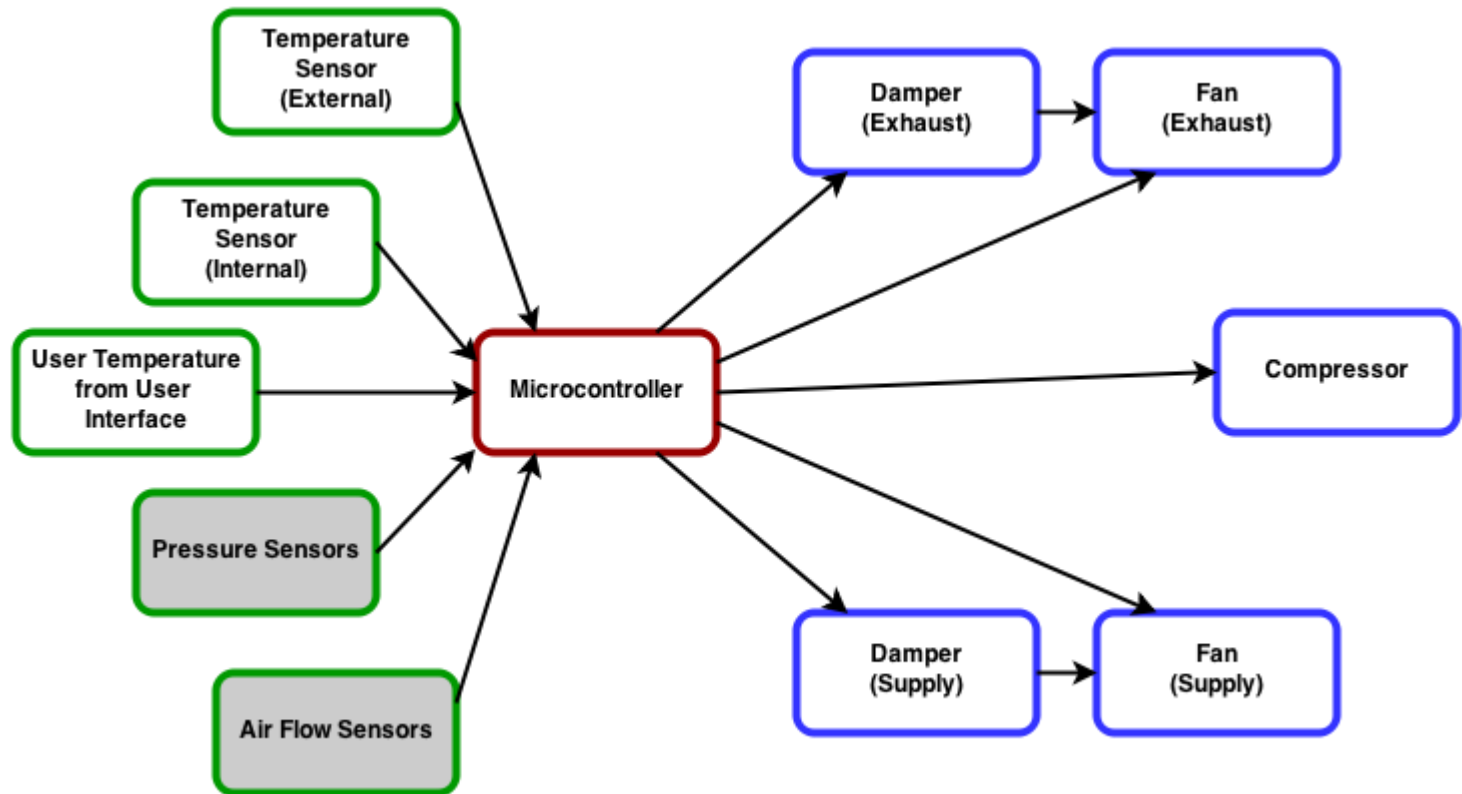
# System Overview

- Two modes:
  - Compressor Mode
    - External temperature  $\geq$  User Set Temperature
  - RefriECO Mode
    - External temperature  $<$  User Set Temperature

# RefriECO Mode



# Block Diagram



# Facts

**Normal Average Energy Consumption:**

= 325 kWh/year

**Energy Consumption with DualCooler:**

= 216.46 kWh/year

**Savings**

= 108.54 kWh/year  $\approx$  \$12.85/year

\*Based on Calgary temperature statistics for 1998 - 2012

# Our Results

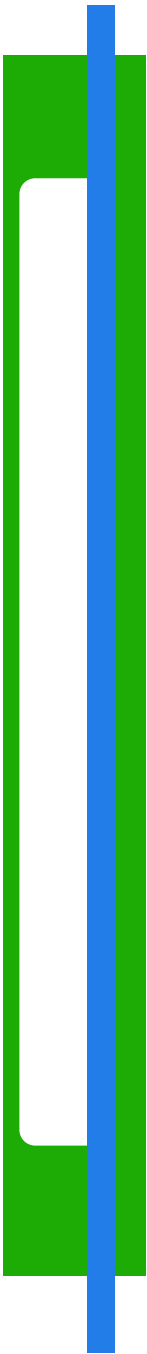
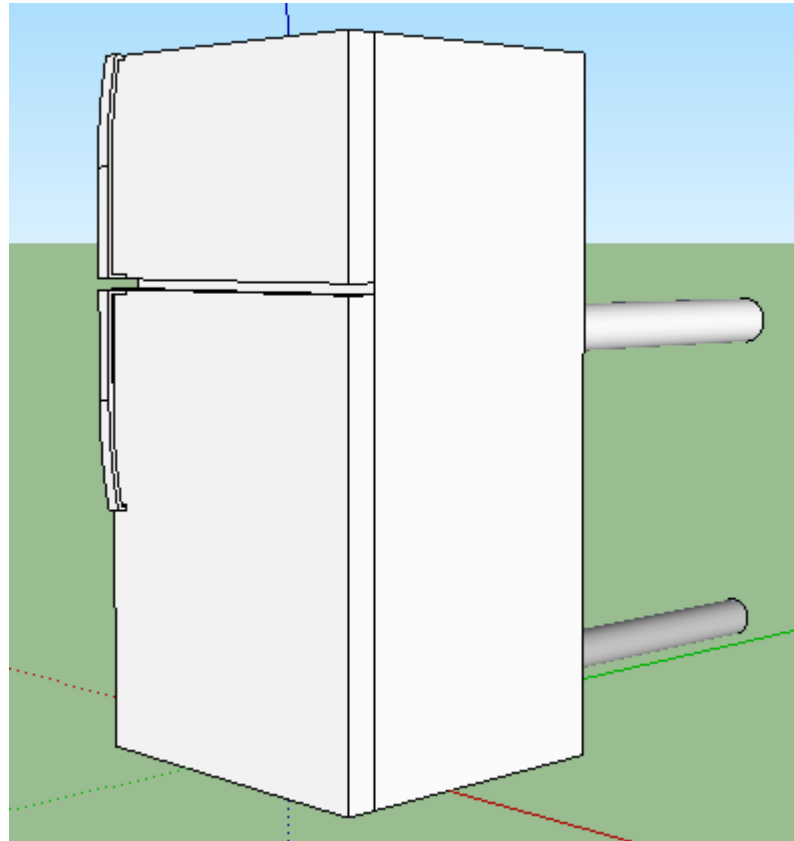
- Without our system, with just the compressor:
  - 66.4 kW•h
- RefriECO Mode:
  - 0.25 kW•h



# ***BUSINESS OVERVIEW***

*Marketing and Competition*

# Envisioned Product



# Market

- Generally, our targeted audience is people living in colder countries, i.e., North America, Russia
- Approximately 340 million people could be benefitted
- Let also include the fact that this can be used in industrial applications and apartment complexes



# Marketing

- Unit cost would significantly reduced when mass produced
- Cheaper sensors
- Drop in the cost for redundant components

# Marketing

<b>Unit Price (\$)</b>	<b>104.78</b>
<b>Expected Sale Price (\$)</b>	<b>150.00</b>
<b>Profit (\$)</b>	<b>45.22</b>
<b>Profit Margin (%)</b>	<b>43.2</b>

# Competition

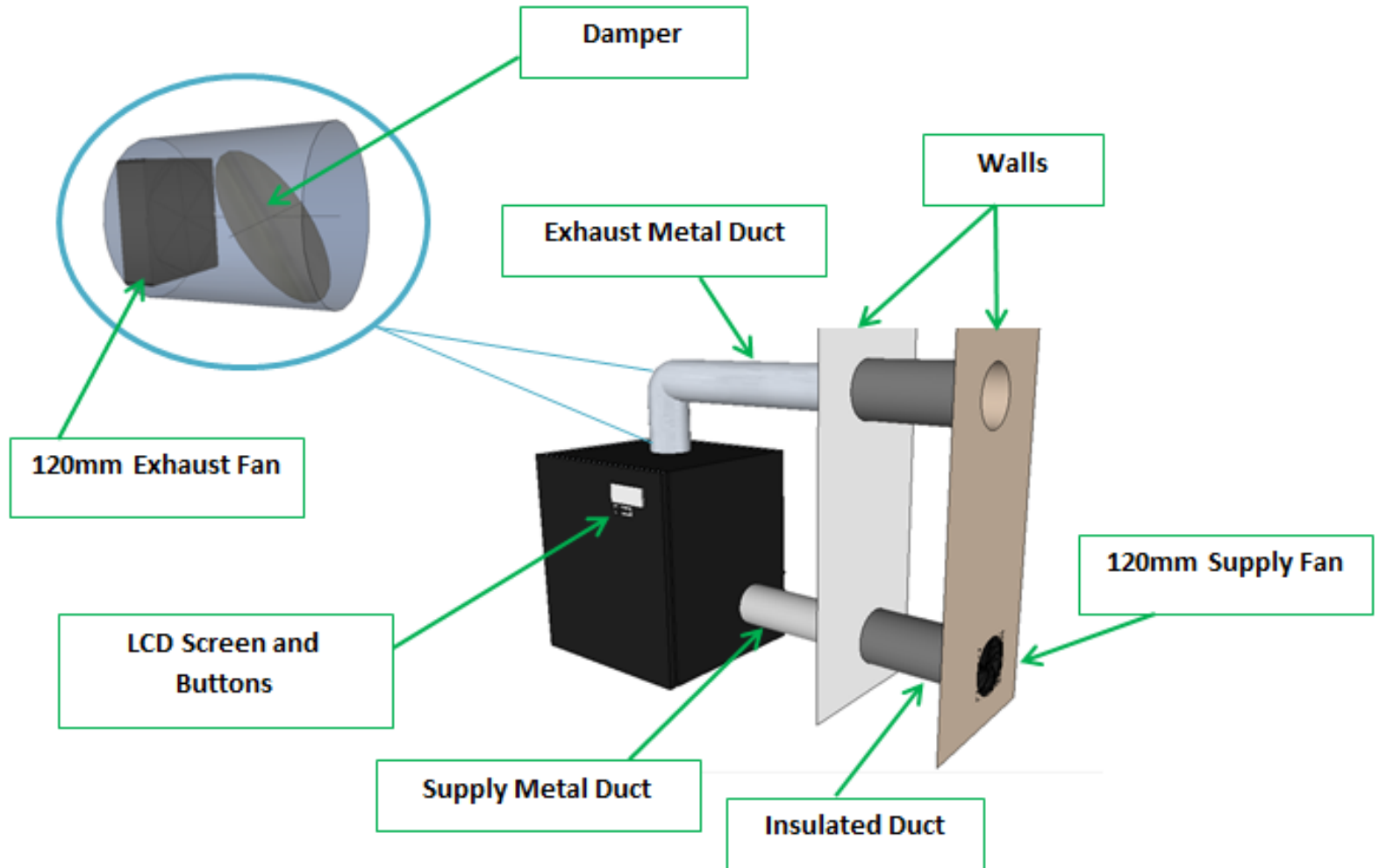
- Sun Frost Refrigerators utilizes top mounted cooling system to reduce energy consumption
- Vestfrost Refrigerators saves energy by having built-in condenser and cooling tubes



# ***HARDWARE***

*Components and Description*

# Parts of the System



# LCD Screens and Buttons

- Creates a user interface that allows the user to:
  - Select temperature scale
  - Select the desired internal Fridge Temperature
- Quick Start Guide illustrates the steps briefly

# Ducts

- Two Ducts
  - Exhaust
  - Supply
    - Needed to be well insulated
- Contains the fan and connects to the damper

# Dampers

- create a closed system when in compressor mode
- Dampers open when in the alternative mode
- Supply and Exhaust dampers
  - Controlled by servos mounted on the outside



# Fans

- Two fans
  - Supply fan located on the outside of the building to pull in cold air
  - Exhaust fan located right above the fridge to pull out the warm exhaust air from the fridge

# Temperature Sensors

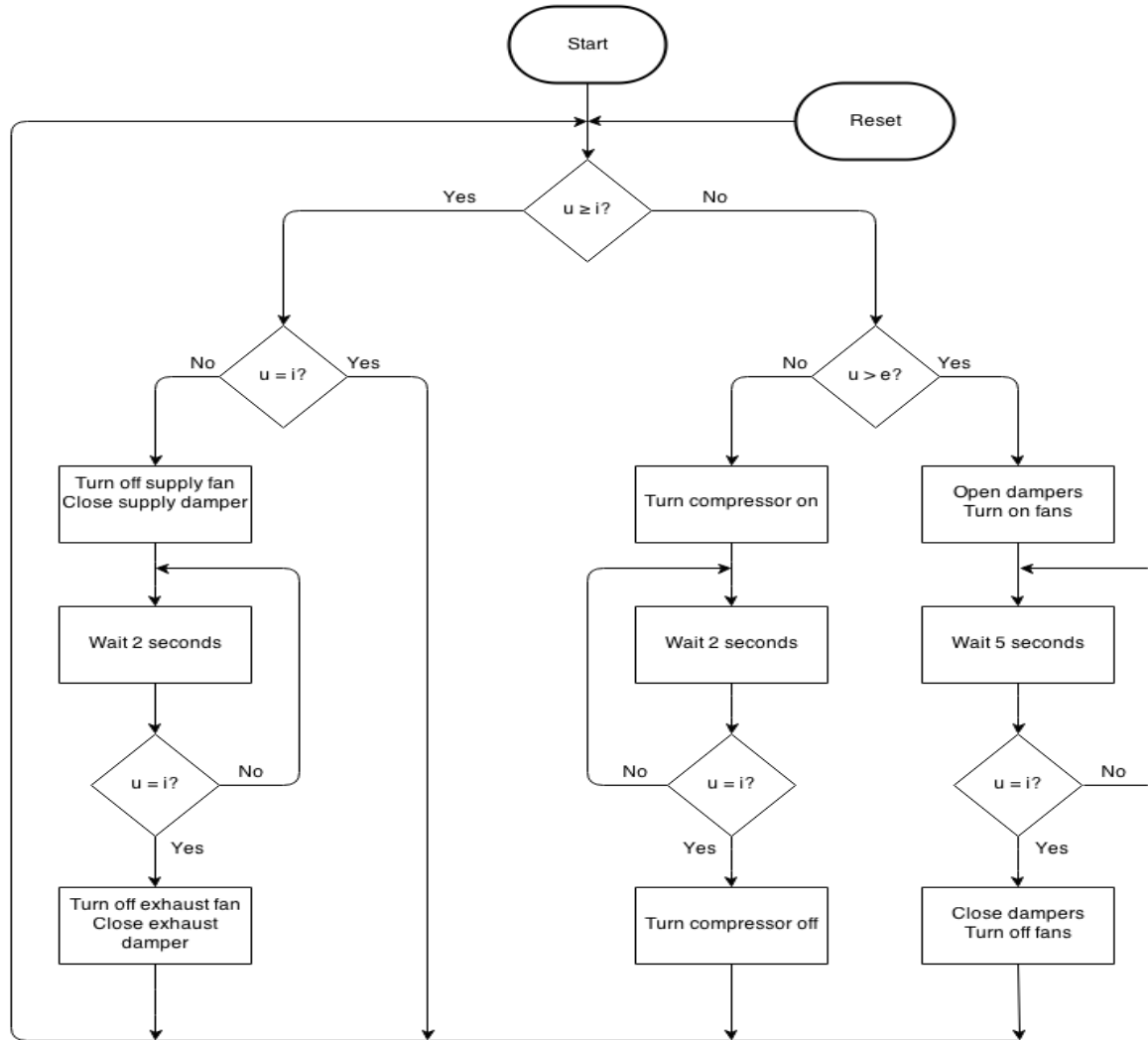
- Two temperature sensors
  - One outside the building (External Temperature)
  - One inside the fridge (Internal Temperature)



# ***SOFTWARE***

*Flowcharts and the Arduino IDE*

# Flowchart



# Arduino IDE

- First time using it for a lot of us
- Most of the libraries were ready to use
- Tested one part at a time and integrated
- Adhered to the flowchart



# ***PROJECT LOGISTICS***

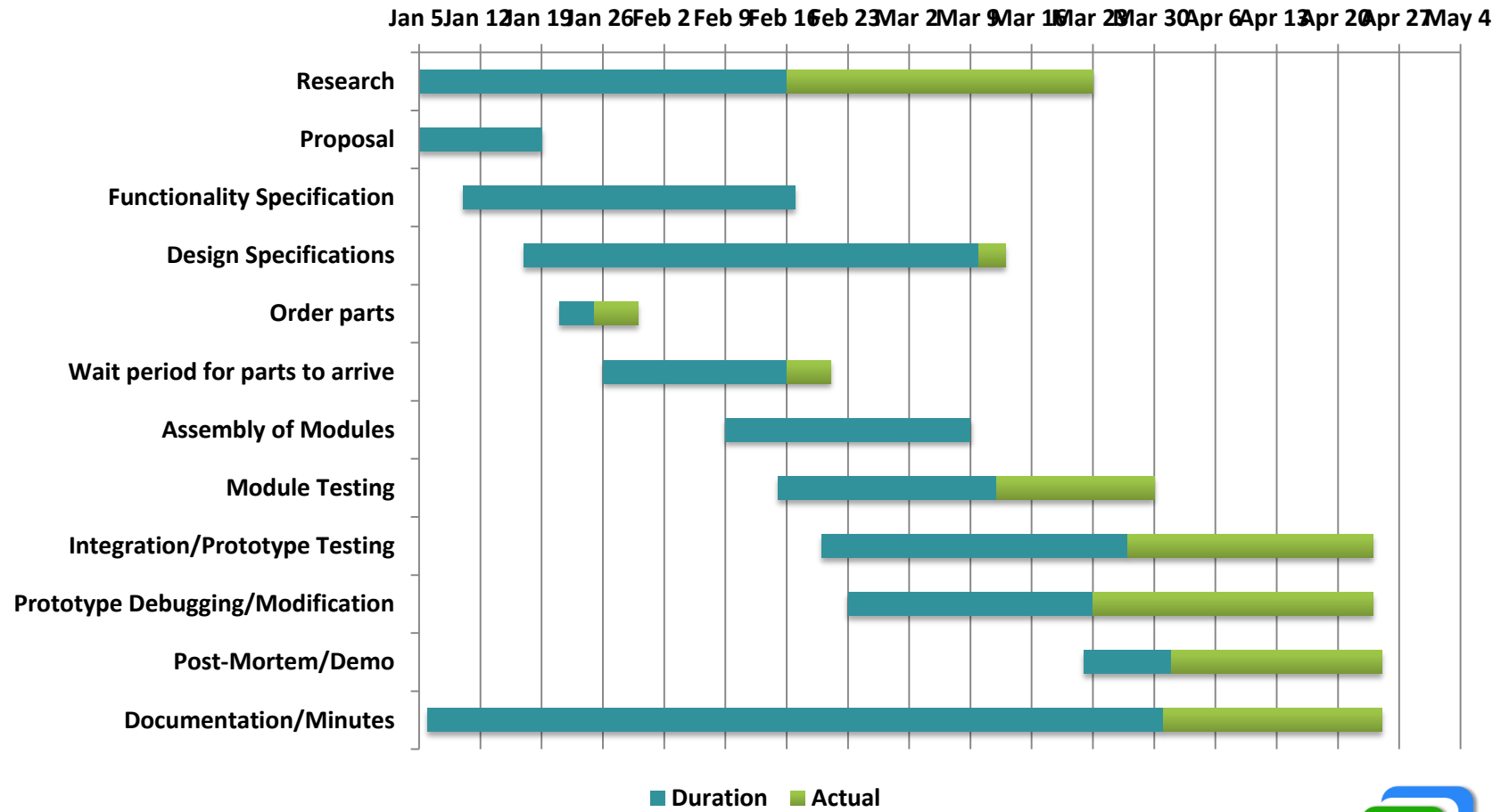
*What we wanted and what really happened...*

# Budget

Component Type	Expected Cost (\$)
Mini Fridge	50.00
Analog Temperature Sensor	5.580
Arduino Uno Microcontroller	20.88
Servo Motor	10.00
4 Inch Damper	20.00
5 inch Duct Pipe	30.00
Fans	30.00
Filter	10.00
Miscellaneous Cost	50.00
<b>Total Expenditure</b>	<b>226.46</b>

Component Type	Actual Cost (\$)
Mini Fridge	159.99
Pipe Insulation	16.490
2 "5 inch Dampers"	23.980
Waterproof Temperature Sensor	10.500
Digital Temperature Sensor	6.300
IC LM335Z Temperature Sensor	5.000
LCD Shield 2 Pin	29.800
Servo Motor	11.250
2 Channel Relay Board	23.300
2 "5 inch Duct Pipes"	12.760
2 "120mm PWM Fans"	27.980
48 QT Cooler	26.000
Copper clad Presensitized board	17.800
Positive Resist Developer	12.950
Energy Meter	20.000
Miscellaneous Cost	65.000
<b>Total Expenditure</b>	<b>469.10</b>

# Timeline





# Challenges

- Broke a refrigerator and had to start over again
- Hardware issues:
  - Angular placement of Servos
  - Standalone powering methods for the circuit
  - Switching off the fan
  - Cutting through the fridge
- Trouble ordering parts
- Illnesses

# Challenges



# Conclusion

- Project looks much better than envisioned
  - Managed to add more features (ie. LCD Display and pushbuttons)
  - Implemented PCB for our circuit
- We're still friends ... I think 😊
- Over budget but we have learned our lessons
- Time management is a continuously evolving skill

# Future Work

- Possibly add more sensors such as airflow sensors that would help monitor airflow
- System should be simplified/optimized
  - More compact PCB's
  - Reduce clock frequency to save power
- Make it wireless
- Implement system with freezers

# Acknowledgements

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*Sunny Bains*

*Our Families*

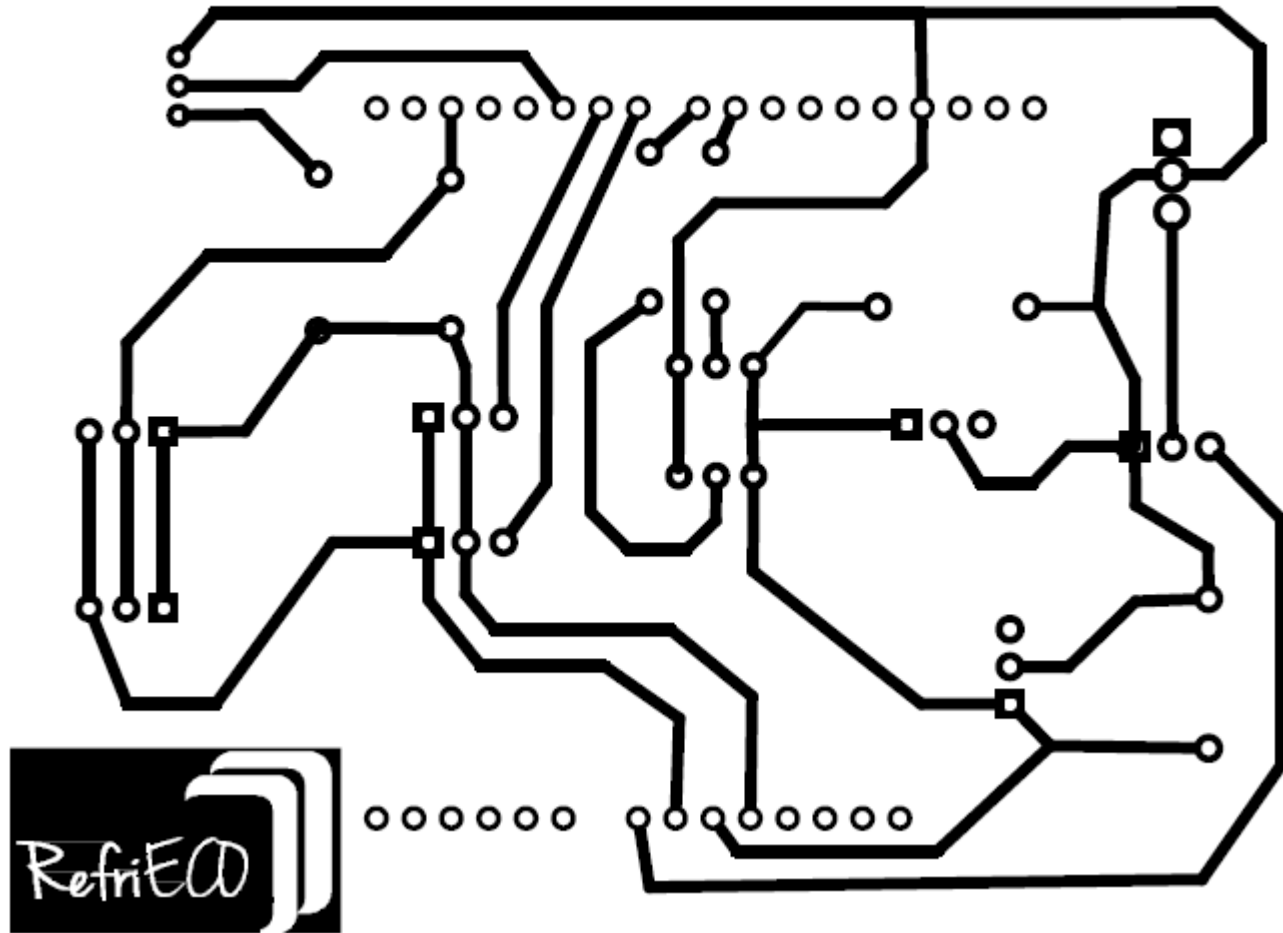
# Questions



# Additional Information

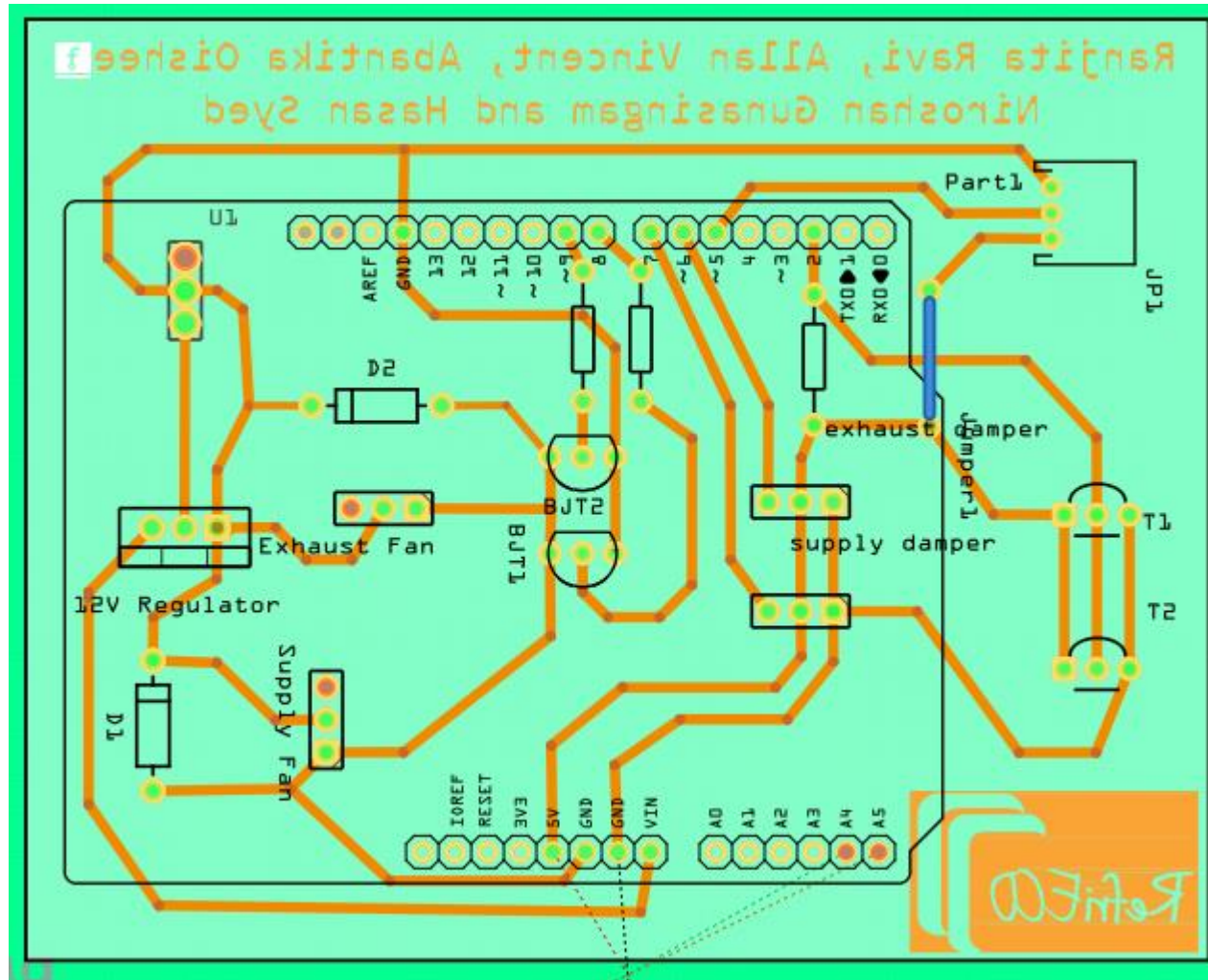
# Schematic

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Niroshan Gunasingam and Hasan Syed

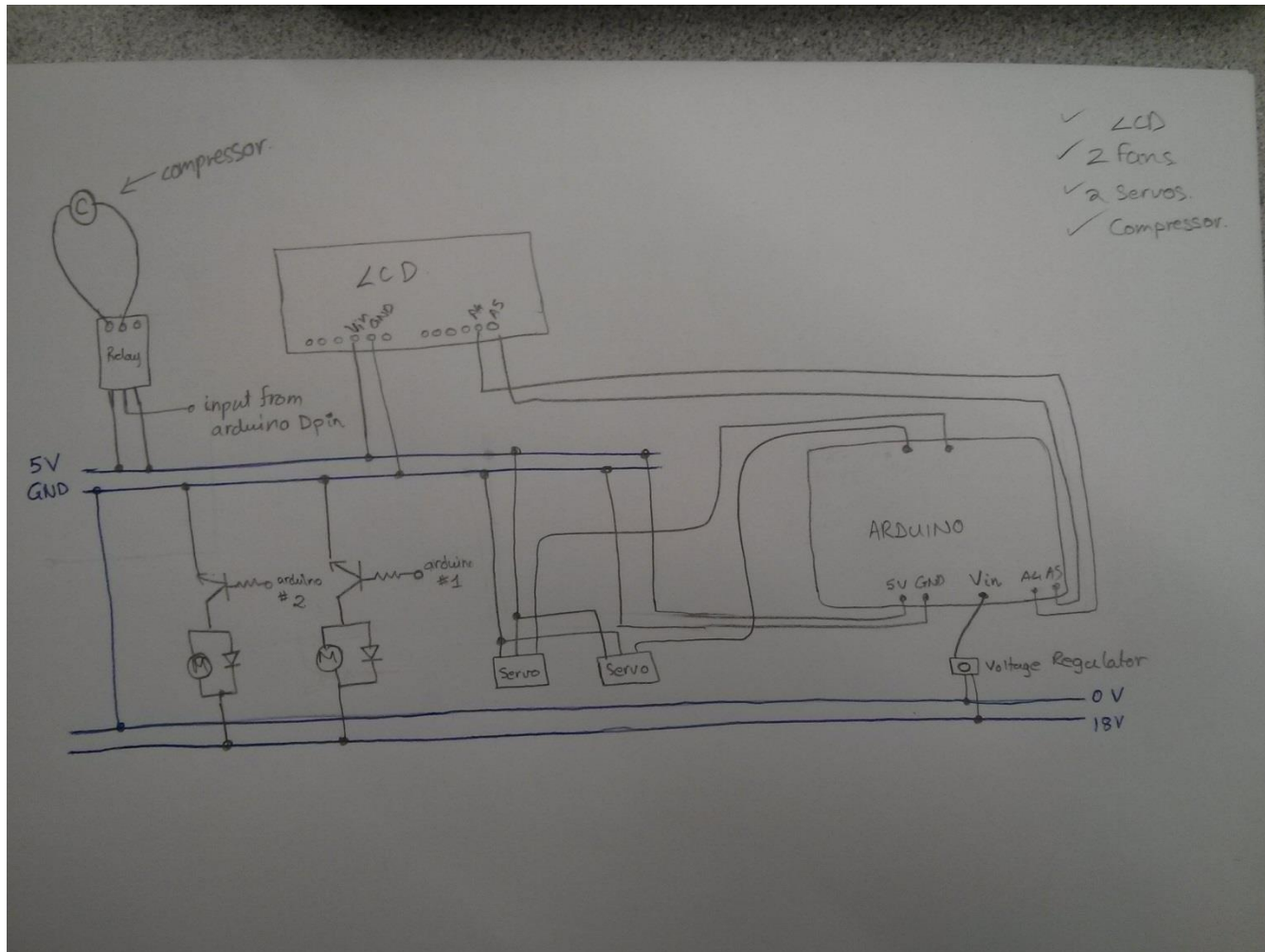




# Schematic



# Schematic



# References

- [1] "National Environment Agency," Government of Singapore, 3 June 2013. [Online]. Available: <http://app2.nea.gov.sg/grants-awards/energy-efficiency/eenp-awards-2012/news-release>. [Accessed 24 April 2014].
- [2] "Singapore Government," Building and Construction Authority, 2010. [Online]. Available: <https://www.bca.gov.sg/zeb/daylightsystems.html>. [Accessed 17 April 2014].
- [3] "Dan Vandervort's Home Tips," Dan Vandervort's Home Tips, 2014. [Online]. Available: <http://www.hometips.com/how-it-works/forced-air-heating-systems.html>. [Accessed 17 April 2014]
- [4] "How It Works: Geothermal Heat pumps," BGE Homes: A Constellation Company, 2014. [Online]. Available: [https://www.bgehome.com/geothermal\\_howitworks.php](https://www.bgehome.com/geothermal_howitworks.php). [Accessed 17 April 2014].